

1

Numbers (1–1000)

LESSON PLAN

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The students will

- ▶ be able to read and write 3-digit numbers in words and figures.
- ▶ learn After/before/In between from numbers 101 to 999.
- ▶ will recognise the digits at hundreds, tens and ones places of a given three-digit number.
- ▶ will understand the place value of a digit in the given number.
- ▶ know the expansion of 3-digit numbers.
- ▶ represent the numbers on abacus using beads.
- ▶ compare and place in order the given 3-digit numbers.
- ▶ learn the formation of greatest and smallest 3-digit numbers using the given digits.
- ▶ be able to skip counting in tens, twenties, fifties and hundreds.
- ▶ know the importance of teamwork.
- ▶ know some important 3-digit numbers.

CONTENTS EXPLAINED INSIDE THE CHAPTER

- ▶ Let's Count 101–1000 (Page–74)
- ▶ Numerals 101–200 (Pages 75–76)
- ▶ Numerals 201–300 (Pages 77–78)
- ▶ Numerals 301–400 (Pages 79–80)
- ▶ Numerals 401–500 (Pages 81–82)
- ▶ Numerals 501–600 (Pages 83–84)
- ▶ Numerals 601–700 (Pages 85–86)
- ▶ Numerals 701–800 (Pages 87–88)
- ▶ Numerals 801–900 (Pages 89–90)

- Numerals 901–1000 (Pages 91–92)
- After/Before/In Between (Page 93)
- Hundreds, Tens and Ones Places (Page 94)
- More on Place Value (Page 95)
- Place Value of Digits (Page 96)
- More about Place Value of Digits (Page 97)
- Expanded Form (Page 98)
- Read Numeral on the Abacus (Page 99)
- Abacus Time (Page 100)
- Comparing Numbers (Pages 101–102)
- Ascending and Descending Order (Pages 102–104)
- Greatest and Smallest Numbers With Given Digits (Pages 104–111)
- Counting in Tens, Twenties, Fifties and Hundreds (Page 112)

TEACHING AIDS

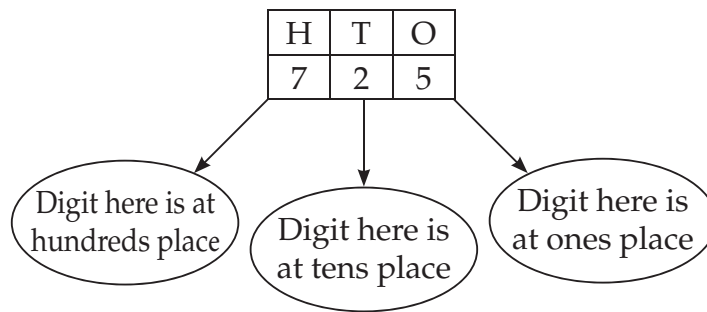
- Grid papers of size 10 × 10, an abacus having three rods and beads, flash cards, a bangle, a chart paper, bindis of three different colours, a chalk and a blackboard.

TEACHING STRATEGY

- The teacher should recall the numbers up to 99 taught in Class-I and then ask the students to solve the questions from part (A to I) given in 'Let Us Recall' on pages 72–73.
- The teacher should assist the students in writing numerals from 101–200 and their number names. The teacher should provide two sheets of 10 × 10 grid paper to each student with the instruction that they have to write counting numbers 101 to 200 forward and backward. Thereafter, she should go through the pages 75–76 for text and exercise 1.1.
- The teacher, in a similar manner, should discuss about numerals from 201–300, 301–400, 401–500, 501–600, 601–700, 701–800, 801–900 and 901–1000, respectively.
- After that, she should go through the pages 77–92 for related text and exercises 1.2 to 1.9.
- Further, the teacher should recall After/Before/In Between taught in Class-I and extend their learning for the same for 3-digit numbers and ask the students to do exercise 1.10.
- Again, the teacher should explain about the digits at hundreds, tens and ones places of a given three digit number. For this, the teacher should sketch a place-value grid on the blackboard as shown below:

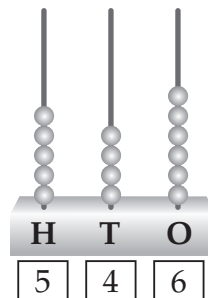
H	T	O

Then she may choose any three digit number, say, 725, and write it in the place value grid to explain the digits at Hundreds, Tens and Ones places as shown as follow.



After that, she should ask them to do exercise 1.11.

- Next, she should explain about place value of a digit in the given three-digit number and hence also the expanded form of the number using the blackboard. Then, she should go to pages 95–98 for related text and exercise.
- Next, she should use the abacus to show any 3-digit number, say, 546 with the help of beads as given below:



After that, she should go through the pages 99–100 for related text and exercises 1.16 & 1.17.


- Again, the teacher should teach comparing and ordering numbers to the students. For this, she should sketch a place-value grid on the blackboard and ask the students of the class to copy it in their notebooks shown below.

H	T	O


Then, she should choose a few pairs of numbers and ask the students to enter these numbers according to place value of the digits. Next, she should ask them to compare the digits at the higher place first and then move towards lower places.

For example, 528 and 586

H	T	O
5	2	8
5	8	6



Same



2 < 8 ∴ 528 < 586

Similarly, she should ask them to compare 3 or more numbers and arrange those numbers from the smallest to the biggest in ascending order and from the biggest to the smallest in descending order.

Thereafter, she should go through the pages 101–104 for related text and exercises 1.18 to 1.20.

- After that, she should assist the students in forming greatest and smallest three-digit numbers, using the given digits, where repetition of digits may be allowed or not as given on pages 104 to 111 and ask the students to do these exercises for practice.
- Then, she may go to page 112 for counting in tens, twenties, fifties and hundreds.
- Then, she should go to page 113 and talk about the topic 'Health and Hygiene' and 'Teamwork' given in Part (A) of life skills, then, she should ask them to solve the exercise based on it. Also, she can put the data of her school and solve the similar questions. For Part (B), the teacher should talk about some important 3-digit numbers which are used in emergency call and then ask the students to fill the table.
- Finally, the teacher should demonstrate the lab activity given on pages 114–115 with the help of available aids.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITY

- **Aim:** To understand place values and expanded notation of a 3-digit number
- **Materials:** First, prepare a few sets of place-value cards as shown below.

Hundreds:	<div>1</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>2</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>3</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>4</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>5</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶
	<div>6</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>7</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>8</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>9</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> ▶	
Tens:	<div>1</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>2</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>3</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>4</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>5</div> <div>0</div> ▶
	<div>6</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>7</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>8</div> <div>0</div> ▶	<div>9</div> <div>0</div> ▶	
Ones:	<div>1</div> ▶	<div>2</div> ▶	<div>3</div> ▶	<div>4</div> ▶	<div>5</div> ▶
	<div>6</div> ▶	<div>7</div> ▶	<div>8</div> ▶	<div>9</div> ▶	

Method: The teacher should divide the class into groups and provide one set of place-value cards to each group. Then, she should ask them to pick up 1 card for each of three places and put them one over other as shown below.

Suppose, they pick up

6

0

0

▶

3

0

▶

8

▶

and put them as

6

3

8

▶

Thus, the teacher should tell the students that

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 6 & 3 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array} \blacktriangleright = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 6 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \blacktriangleright + \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 3 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \blacktriangleright + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 8 \\ \hline \end{array} \blacktriangleright \\
 \text{Number} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{Expanded form}
 \end{array}$$

Outcome: The students will know the place value and expanded form of the number.

EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

Students are able to

- read and understand the 3-digit numbers in words as well as in figures.

- understand about the place value of a digit in a number.
- expand the numbers using the place value of the digits.
- represent the 3-digit numbers using abacus.
- compare and order the given numbers.
- form the greatest and smallest numbers using the given digits.
- complete the job with team formation and understand the importance of team work.
- know some important 3-digit numbers for emergency call.