

# LESSON PLAN

# SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The students learn about

- need of food and three meals of the day
- ♦ testing for starch and fats in food
- ♦ balanced diet
- different ways of cooking food
- different methods of food preservation

## **TEACHING AIDS**

Pictures showing food arranged in plates for breakfast, lunch, dinner; A child having food; Pictures of wheat, rice, potatoes, sweets, on a chart (for carbohydrates); pulses, soyabean, milk, egg, meat, fish on a chart (for proteins); butter, ghee, nuts, cooking oil, meat on a chart (for fats); fruits and vegetables (for vitamins and minerals); salad (for roughage); A food pyramid; Pictures/animation showing boiling, frying, steaming, roasting and baking of food; Salting and drying of food in the sun.

# LESSON PLAN

- ♦ Teacher will start the chapter with 'Warm Up' section by asking some general questions on food related to pictures given in the section.
- ♦ Now, with the help of teaching aids, teacher will explain the need of food and three meals, i.e., breakfast, lunch and dinner of the day.
- ♦ Teacher will explain about nutrients and their types found in food, i.e., carbohydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins and minerals.
- ♦ Now, with the help of teaching aids, teacher will tell about the sources of nutrients and their functions in the body.
  - Carbohydrates are energy-giving nutrients. Teacher will explain the method to test the presence of starch in the food as given in Activity 1 and will tell that starch becomes blue when a drop of iodine solution is mixed with it.
  - ▶ Proteins help in the growth of the body and repair of damaged cells.
  - ▶ Fats are energy-giving nutrients that give energy when we do physical activities. Teacher will explain the method to test the presence fats in the food as given in Activity 2.
  - Vitamins and minerals do not give us energy but protect us from diseases.
- ❖ Teacher will also explain the importance of roughage and water in the food.
- ♦ To check the learning of students, teacher will ask them to solve 'Checkpoint 1'.
- ♦ Now, teacher will define a balanced diet. With the help of food pyramid, teacher will define

- different groups of food and the amount of food that should be taken from each group to get a balanced diet.
- ♦ Teacher will explain the need of cooking food. Further, with the help of different teaching aids, teacher will tell about different ways of cooking food (as given in the chapter).
- ♦ Now, teacher will explain the need of preserving food and with the help of different teaching aids, will explain different ways of preserving food and the benefits of food preservation.
- ♦ To evaluate the learning of students, teacher will ask them to solve 'Checkpoint 2'.
- ♦ The teacher will sum up the chapter by going through the points given under the head 'At One Go'.
- ♦ Finally, the teacher will help students to solve all the exercises given under the head 'Check Your Study'.

## **BOOST UP**

- ❖ Teacher should perform the activities in the class to show students how to test the presence of starch and fats in the food (as given in the chapter).
- ♦ Students should be encouraged to take a balanced diet.
- Students should be asked to prepare a table showing the food they ate during the day and assess it as a balanced or an unbalanced diet.

## **EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES**

The students know about

- the need of food and three meals of the day.
- different components of the food.
- ♦ testing of starch and fats in food.
- ♦ a balanced diet and its need.
- different ways of cooking food.
- ♦ need of food preservation, its different ways and their benefits.

## **EVALUATIVE QUESTIONS**

The teacher may ask the following questions for evaluating learning and understanding of students:

- 1. What are the three meals of a day?
- 2. What are different nutrients of food?
- 3. To which nutrient group do sugars and starch belong?
- 4. Which chemical is used to test the presence of starch in food?
- 5. What is roughage?
- 6. What is the need of water in the digestion of food?
- 7. What is a food pyramid?
- 8. Which vitamin is not found in the milk?
- 9. Why do we eat cooked food?
- 10. Why do we preserve food?