e remembers what used to happen beach. She used to make sand castles
and castle. Suddenly, the sea waves was washed away. She imagined that ne beach belonged to the sea and so and again.
ade sand tunnels and the sea swept
ke away her little pail. As she saw it d her pail and told the sea that the the sea like the sand.
anzas have the same rhyme: sea, me nt and recited by the students, either
the students to answer orally first.
the students to give the names of the names of the names of any four of them.
ns. Those who have gone to a beach If no one has seen a beach, explain
the students to circle the rhyming
any four things they see in a market. gestions written on the board. They
me actions are going on. And we add given examples and your own also. ou are listening to me. Explain when nouns] and 'are' [with plural nouns/g. I am singing. We are singing.
done by the students. Then do the select and mark the correct options.
nd encourage them to share their
o' are pronounced. Use the given
e: spool, tool, wool, loop, cool, fool, he same or similar pronunciation can spelt with a 'oo'. For example: rule, th 'oo'.

Dictionary Skills	⇒ Explain the use of the dictionary to the students as instructed. Using their dictionaries, show them how words that start with the same letter should be searched using the second letter. Use the given examples and add your own using different letters. For example: about, act, ant, art; bat, best, bit, boat bun, etc.
	Exercise A: Do this with the class so that they gradually learn to use the dictionary correctly.
Write Well	Discuss the two pictures. Then ask the students to write two sentences on each of them. It is desirable that you check their work individually.