

## The Loving Fairy

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## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Learning to enjoy stories that are full of imagination and fantasy through school activities and creative, art-related and social activities
- ▶ Learning the value of being helpful and kind
- Understanding the need for using one's imagination and reading storybooks, social interaction and collaboration, integrating discipline and communication
- Getting to know something about the world of fantasy that we can create
- ▶ Talk to students about reading fiction, fantasy and different types of storybooks: fairy tales, animal stories, moral stories, science fantasies, detective stories, school stories, adventure stories, various authors from Enid Blyton to Harry Potter, Roald Dahl, Dr Seuss, Chandamama, comic books, etc.
- In today's world, reading books is going out of fashion so give the children a taste of reading and enjoying books by having a story reading session from time to time
- Description Comprehension: Learning to read and understand the lesson and answer questions on it
- Grammar: Pronouns words used in place of a noun; adding '-y' to make describing words
- Listening, understanding, reading, speaking, pronouncing and writing correctly; difference in pronouncing words with w and v sounds; writing a 'Thank You' note
- Building a vocabulary; usage of punctuation marks [! ? . ,]; words joined together to form new words
- Learning to recite poems, understand and appreciate them, and answer questions on them

Warm Up	<ul> <li>Yes, I love listening to fairy stories, like 'Cinderella', 'Rapunzel', 'Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs', 'The Beauty and the Beast', 'Sleeping Beauty', 'Peter Pan', 'Pinocchio', 'The Elves and the Shoemaker', etc.</li> <li>Father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, uncle or aunt – name anyone.</li> </ul>
Read and Enjoy	<ul> <li>Read aloud the story or ask the students to take turns at reading it out. Explain the story as it is read.</li> <li>Explain: Whether there are fairies in the real world or not is not the question. There are people with beautiful hearts and minds who are always there to help and guide us. This is why we enjoy fairy stories.</li> <li>Also explain the need to show gratitude to people who help us.</li> </ul>
Read and Understand	♦ A. Read out the exercise and ask the students to select the correct options. Correct them gently where required. After doing the exercise orally first, let the students mark the answers. Announce the answers aloud and let them check their work themselves or in pairs.

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	\$	B. Read out the exercise and ask the students to orally give the answers.
		Correct them gently where required. After doing the exercise orally first, let
		the students write down the answers. Announce the answers aloud and let
		them check their work themselves or in pairs.
Think and Answer	<b>♦</b>	Exercises A and B: Explain the questions and ask the students at random to
		answer them.
	<b>♦</b>	Explain why it is right to be kind to the old and hungry and how happy we feel
		when someone gives us a gift. At the same time, caution the students to be
		careful about strangers who approach them, because they should be sure that
		they are also safe.
Grammar Spot	♦	Explain what pronouns are – words that are used in place of nouns to avoid
	'	repetition.
	$  \diamond \rangle$	Read out the explanation and the examples, using the blackboard where
	*	necessary. Use your own examples, getting the students involved.
		For example: Pratik, please bring the duster. The duster is on the blackboard.
	"	Replace the second instance of 'the duster' with 'It'.
		Gina had not come to school yesterday. Gina went to visit her aunt. Replace
		'Gina' with 'She'.
	\$	This house belongs to Dr Sharma. Dr Sharma is a dentist. Replace 'Dr Sharma'
		with 'He'.
	\$	Explain especially the words that are pronouns: I, we, you, he, she, it, they. Give
		examples of the usage using the blackboard.
	\$	Example A: Do this exercise orally first . Then ask the students to underline
		the pronouns. Announce the answers aloud and let them check their work
		themselves.
	$  \diamond  $	Exercise B: Have fun identifying the cartoon characters. Do this exercise orally
	'	first. Then ask the students to select the pronouns. Announce the answers
		aloud and let them check their work themselves.
Word Wise	♦	Explain the addition of the letter '-y' to words to form new words that are usually
10014 10150	*	used as adjectives or describing words. Use the given examples and your own using
		the blackboard where required. For example: snappy, baggy, catchy, sloppy, crafty,
		etc.
	$  \diamond \rangle$	Clarify that there are words that end in the letter 'y' and that the letter is not
	*	added to it. For example: only, happy, untidy, tidy, puppy, crazy, tasty, etc.
	<b>\</b>	Exercise A: Do this exercise orally and then ask the students to write down the
	"	words. Announce the answers aloud and let them check their work themselves.
	<b> </b>	Exercise B: Ask the students at random to make sentences orally first so that they
	~	get an idea of what is required. Then let them write down two sentences in their
		books. Check their work.
Liston and Loorn	+	
Listen and Learn	<b>*</b>	Read aloud the instructions given. Ask the students at random to read them aloud
		a second time. Explain them where required. For example, the magic stick is called
	^	a wand. This is a term most children will perhaps know and will pick up easily too.
		Then ask them to colour the various items in the picture. You will need to
		guide them suitably as not all of them will remember the colours given to the
	1 ^	different items. Appreciate their work.
Converse and	*	Ask two students to enact the roles and read aloud the conversation. Then ask
Connect		the students to work in pairs and discuss toys or gifts in the same way. They
	1	can decide whatever they would like to discuss.

	<b>\$</b>	Ask student pairs at random to share their conversations with the class. Check them gently where required.
Speak and Express	<b></b>	Explain the exercise and ask the students to share what they see in the picture.
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	<b>♦</b>	Do the exercise orally first. Then ask the students to talk to their partners
		about the questions given, and at random ask student pairs to share their
		conversations. Check them gently where required.
Pronunciation	<b></b>	This is always a tricky pronunciation to learn. Explain the difference to the
Practice		students. 'W' is pronounced by keeping the mouth shaped to say 'O' first and
		then pronounce 'U' as in 'duck'. 'V' is pronounced with the teeth lightly biting
		down on the lower lip.
	<b>♦</b>	Make the students practise this with the given examples and your own examples
		too.
	<b>*</b>	W: well, when, who, where, while, wind, watch, wall, wag, want, wet, wash,
		wagon, way, always, awake, etc.
Punctuation	<b>\$</b>	Refresh symbols of punctuation: Capital letters, full stop, comma, question
		mark.
	<b>\$</b>	The exclamation mark is used to show strong feelings [!] Read out the
		instructions and the examples given. Use your own examples also. For example:
		Oh! Ouch! Wow! Hurrah! etc. Also, sentences that express strong feelings: What
		a pretty dress! How wonderful! Hey! This is beautiful! What a terrible thing to
		happen! etc.
	<b>\$</b>	Explain how we use full stops, question marks and exclamation marks in
		sentences. For example: (a) Meera wore a pretty dress. (b) Did Meera wear a
		pretty dress? (c) What a pretty dress Meera is wearing!
	<b>\$</b>	Exercise A: Do this exercise orally and then ask the students to write down the
		sentences with the punctuation marks. Announce the answers aloud and let
		them check their work themselves.
Write Well	<b>\$</b>	Explain why we write 'Thank You' notes: out of courtesy.
		Ask the students to complete the note and announce the answers aloud. Let
	·	them check their work themselves.
	<b>♦</b>	You can do a sample of a similar note on the blackboard, thanking a friend for
	,	a gift or for inviting you to a birthday party.
AIL Activities	♦	Read the exercise and explain it. The students can draw any two things they
ALL ACTIVITIES	· •	would like from the Loving Fairy. Share with the class if they like.
Values and Life Skills	<b></b>	This is a value that has to be handled with sensitivity. Kindness is very essential,
Values and Life Skills	V	but it must be meted out with caution and discretion in today's world. So when
		you explain this exercise to the students, please ensure that you give them a
		very balanced view of kindness.
	<b></b>	Exercise A: Discuss each point with the students, explaining why it is correct
	· •	or not correct. While 4 and 5 are appropriate, make them understand how
		to exercise caution while meeting strangers or ostensibly needy persons. For
		example, if anyone at the door asks for water, etc., they should call an adult,
	٨	lock the door and only then go into the house.
	<b>♦</b>	Exercise B: Explain the compassion that we all need to have for the poor, the
		hungry and the needy. But, as mentioned above, they should be careful also.