

The Chocolate Room

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Learning that a visit to a chocolate factory is a fun thing where we get to learn a lot about many things. So, it was exciting and enjoyable at the same time.
- Listening, reading and understanding and answering the questions orally and in writing.
- **○** Grammar: Sentences Declarative, Interrogative, Imperative and Exclamatory; Subject and Predicate.
- Unscrambling words, word meanings, usage, suffixes and pronouncing words with 'f' and 'p' sounds.
- Understanding punctuation.
- Learning to speak and converse correctly.
- **Outcome:** Learning about simple enjoyments, like the excitement of eating chocolate. Differentiating between enjoyment and greed.
- Learning about different types of sentences; Subject and Predicate.
- Speaking and writing correctly.

3	Discuss the different activities that children love to do with their families.	Get Set!
3	How the different activities we do help to strengthen our bonds.	
3	Talk about the different types of things we make from chocolate, like cake, pie, pastry, etc.	
3	Exercises A and B: Ask the students to do the exercises on their own. Help and guide them in the discussion, if required.	
3	Read the lesson aloud or ask the students to read parts of it.	Read and Enjoy
3	Explain the words and meanings. Ask in-text questions: How do we know Willy is a kind and caring boy? Does he deserve to win the contest?	
9	Discuss the questions in Exercises A, B, C, D and ask the students to answer orally first.	Read and Understand
3	Where necessary, write the answers on the board to help them in answering questions on the text, whether oral or written.	
3	They may then write down the answers of Exercises A-D.	
3	Exercise A: Read and discuss the question in class about the purpose of the contest.	Think and Answer
3	Did Charlie deserve to win? Discuss the qualities that make him deserving.	
3	Then ask the students to write down the answer.	
3	Their partners can check the work.	

Grammar Spotlight	3	Use the board to explain different kinds of sentences: Declarative, Interrogative, Imperative and Exclamatory sentences.
	3	Use the given examples and also your own, and ask the students to think of examples too.
	၁	Brush up about the correct way of writing sentences – starting with a capital letter and ending with a full stop; also, mention 'I' being written as a capital letter.
	3	Explain the difference between statements [Declarative Sentences], questions [Interrogative Sentences] and Exclamatory Sentences.
	3	Discuss Exercise A and then the students can do it in class.
	3	Brush up the two parts of a sentence - the Subject and the Predicate.
	3	Use the given examples and also your own.
	3	Then discuss Exercise B and ask the students to do it in the class.
Spell Well	Э	Getting to know new words.
	9	Learn to recognise the new words by unscrambling the words. Also, learn their spellings and meanings.
	3	Brush up on the use of the dictionary whenever possible.
	3	Do Exercise A orally first. Then, ask the students to write down the
		answers.
	Э	Let them check their work on their own.
Word Power	9	The students can do Exercise A on their own. The teacher can help, if required.
	3	The partners can check their work.
Listen and Learn	3	Exercise A: Read the given passage aloud twice, or let the students
		listen to it in the Digital Content.
	3	Then ask the students to answer the questions orally.
		Check them where necessary.
Converse and	3	Exercise A: Ask pairs of students at random to enact the conversation.
Connect	3	Correct the students regarding content and pronunciation.
Speak and Express	3	Exercise A: Read the question again so that the students understand what is required of them.
	3	Teach them to put their thoughts into words correctly and politely.
	9	Teach them how to speak so as to be understood clearly.
	Э	Encourage them to speak out their minds freely.
Pronunciation	Э	Exercise A: Let the students listen to the Digital Content so that they
Practice		are sure of the right way to say the words.
	3	Let the students say aloud the words spelt with 'f', 'p' and 'ugh' – all pronounced with a 'f' sound.
	3	Use the words given and any other examples you like or doubts that the students may have. Examples: cough, shuffle, rough, Alphonso, face, effort, etc.
	၁	While explaining the correct pronunciation, show how these words are pronounced distinctly.
	9	Ensure that the phonetic symbols for the sounds are understood by the students.

3	Exercise A: Write the sentences on the board.	Punctuation
3	Now, call the students randomly to correct the sentences.	
3	Once the sentences are all written on the board, ask the students to write them down in their notebooks.	
3	Let their partners check the work.	
3	Exercise A: Read the question aloud so the students understand what they are required to do. Then, ask them to write a paragraph on their own.	Write Well
3	Write a sample paragraph on the board so that the students get an idea.	
3	Check the work of the students individually.	
3	Ask the students to consult their dictionaries.	Dictionary Skills
3	Help them with the exercise. Remind them how to use the dictionary by looking the words at the top of each page - how they show you the first and last words on the pages.	
3	Ensure that every student in the class understands the correct way to use the dictionary.	
3	Draw attention to the meanings and pronunciation.	
3	Now, do the exercise on the board.	
3	Then let the students write it down in their notebooks.	
၁	Exercise A: The students will enjoy doing this activity. Help and guide them, if required.	Project Work/AIL Activity
၁	Exercise A: Explain the question well to the students, including the given options.	Values and Life Skills
9	Then, let them do the exercise on their own.	
၁	At the end, explain which options can be acceptable, and which cannot.	