

India—The Northern Mountains

LESSON PLAN

The students will learn about the mountain ranges in India the ranges of the Himalayas, the Himadri, the Himachal, the Shiwalik

- O the importance of the Himalayas
- O J&K, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand
- O Sikkim and West Bengal
- O north-eastern states

TEACHING AIDS

Chart papers, flashcards, a projector, blackboard, chalk, duster, pointer, etc.

TEACHING STRATEGY

- O Start with Warm Up.
- O Tell about the mountain ranges in India.
- O Tell about the Himadri.
- O Tell about the Himachal.
- O Tell about Shiwalik.
- O Tell about the importance of the Himalayas.
- O Tell about J & K, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand.
- O Tell about Sikkim and West Bengal.
- O Tell about the north-eastern states of India.

BOOST UP

O To make the lesson more interesting, the teacher may show charts, models and maps.

EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

The students are able to understand

- O the mountain ranges in India
- O the ranges of the Himalayas
- O the Himadri
- O the Himachal
- O the Shiwalik
- O the importance of the Himalayas
- O J&K, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand
- O Sikkim and West Bengal
- O north-eastern states

EVALUATIVE QUESTIONS

The teacher may ask the following questions to evaluate the students.

- 1. Which is the highest mountain peak in India?
- 2. What is the height of Mt. Everest?
- 3. What is the lesser Himalayas known as?
- **4.** What is Terai?
- 5. Which state of India is known as the 'Paradise on Earth'?