# Light

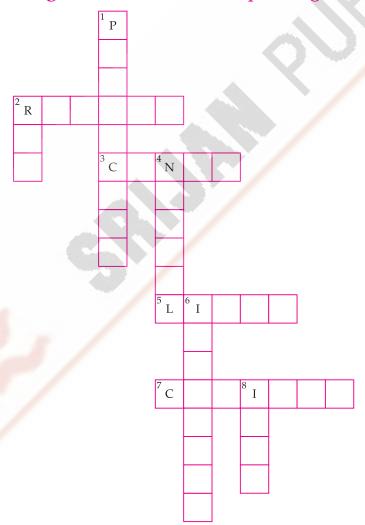
### **ORAL QUESTIONS**

#### A. Answer these questions orally.

- 1. Name the muscles which hold the eye lens in the eye ball.
- 2. What is the bouncing back of light in the same medium called?
- 3. What is the speed of light in vacuum?
- 4. Give one example of a very smooth surface.
- 5. Is cornea transparent or opaque?

## **PUZZLE/QUIZ**

B. Complete the following word ladder with the help of the given clues.



	DOWN:	1. A device used to detect objects at different heights.	
		2. These cells present in the eye are sensitive to intensities of light.	
		4. A perpendicular to the surface of reflection, at the point of incidence.	
		6. The ray of light that falls on a surface.	
		8. This controls the size of the pupil.	
	ACROSS:	2. The inner part of the eye ball which behaves as a screen for image formation.	
		3. These cells present in the eye help in perceiving colours.	
		5. A form of energy.	
		7. The muscles that hold the eye lens in the eye ball.	
		CLASS TEST	
C.	MCQ-Ti	ck (✓) the correct option.	
1.	Light as it	comes from the sun, consists of how many different colours?	
	(a) 17	(b) 71	
	(c) 7	(d) 9	
2.	The bounci	ng back of light in the same medium is called	
	(a) Disper	rsion (b) Deflection	
	(c) Accom	amodation (d) Reflection	
3.	Which of t	he following statements is incorrect?	
	(a) Catara	ct is a defect of eye.	
	(b) The ir	is can contract or expand to change the size of the pupil.	
	(c) The in	nage formed by a plane mirror is real and inverted.	
	(d) Rays o	f light are reflected, when they fall opaque objects.	
4.		action of a second does any object we see, leaves its impression on our retina	ι?
	(a) 1/61	(b) 1/14	
	(c) 1/18	(d) 1/16	
5.		of the eye lacks photo receptors?	
	(a) Retina		
	(c) Pupil	(d) Cornea	
	- "P"		_

D.	Unscramble the jumbled words to make meaningful words. Take help from the clues given in the bracket.
1.	C P I O T
	(this nerve is a bundle of fine nerves which carry message of the image formed at the retina)
2.	T E P E R R H A M O P I Y
	(also known as far sightedness)
3.	R A T T C A A C
	(an eye defect in which a person sees blurred images of all objects around him or her)
4.	I E C E S P D L O K O A
	(a device which shows beautiful patterns due to multiple reflections)
5.	R R O M I R
	(an example of a very smooth surface)
	Very short answer questions.
1.	Name three common defects of eye.
2.	Which vitamin is required for proper functioning of the eyes?
3.	What is the minimum distance at which a normal human eye can read or see without any strain?
4.	What maintains the bulging shape of the cornea?
5.	What keeps the retina attached to the wall of the eye ball?
	3( )
6.	What is the opening at the centre of the iris called?

7.	Why can cornea allow the light to enter the eye?
8.	What are the seven colours of which light is made of?
F.	Short answers questions.
1.	State the laws of reflection.
2.	How is Braille produced?
3.	What do you understand by 'blind spot'?
4.	What do you understand by accommodation of eye?
5.	What is Phaco Emulsification?
G.	Long answer questions.
1.	What is cataract? How is it caused? How can it be cured?

	on 'Braille language'.			
Explain the v	orking of the human	eye. Draw a lal	pelled diagram als	0.
				CA
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3				

		HOME ASSIGNMENT
[.	Thi	nk and answer.
l.	Loo	ok at the figure shown below and answer the questions that follow:
	(a)	What is the name of the device shown here?
	(b)	On what principle is it based?
	(c)	At what angles are the two plane mirrors fitted?
		see object lying very close and extremely far with the same eye and the eye lens, wi changing or adjusting any part. What makes this possible?
	<u></u>	changing of adjusting any part. What makes this possible:
		en you visit a barber's shop or a beauty saloon to get a hair cut, how are you shown of your hair from your back, in the front mirror?

# **WORKSHEET**

I.	Give reasons for the following.
1.	When we suddenly go out in the sun or the light in a room is switched on, the eyes blink.
2.	We cannot see our surroundings clearly when we enter a darkened cinema hall.
3.	We should include lots of vitamin A in our diet.