

A Fun Birthday Party

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

- * Learning about celebrating milestones birthdays, anniversaries, awards, festivals, etc.
- * Listening, reading and understanding and answering the questions orally and in writing.
- * Grammar: Building sentences properly.
- * Learning more about opposites; word meanings; dictionary usage; punctuation
- * Knowing about variations in spelling and pronouncing words spelt with 'a' [apple/day]. Two separate sounds of words spelt with 'c'.

* * * * * *	Learning about celebrating important days and events Enjoying celebrations with family and friends Using letters and words to build sentences Words and their usage, meanings, pronunciation and dictionary usage Speaking and writing correctly Understanding and answering questions correctly	Outcome
* * * *	Discuss the different celebrations we have at home and in school. Discuss different kinds of birthday parties - with family or friends. Discuss the other significant celebrations: Festivals, anniversaries, Annual Day, Sports Day, etc. Put the various items seen into words. Add any other that may occur to the students: a picnic, an outing, eating out, a movie, etc.	Get Set!
* * *	Read the lesson aloud, asking the students to take up the different paragraphs. Explain the words and their meanings. Reading creates familiarisation with words. Correct their intonation, stress, pronunciation, etc. Relate the activities and relationships to their own birthday celebrations and ask in-text questions: How do you celebrate? What all do you do? Who joins you? etc.	Read and Enjoy



	* Remember that all children do not celebrate birthdays, etc. Also, not all children receive costly gifts. This should be handled with sensitivity.
Read and Understand	* Discuss the questions in Exercises A, B and C and ask the students to answer orally first.
Understand	 Then, where necessary, write the answers on the board to help the students in answering questions on the text, oral or written.
Grammar Spotlight	 * Use the board to explain how words and sentences are built. Example: I; I + N = IN; I + N + K = INK; L + I + N + K = LINK, etc. * Capitals and small letters
	* Sentences - Using words to build sentences
	* Starting with a capital letter and ending with a Full stop, especially mentioning 'I' being written as a capital letter.
	* Difference between statements and questions: Full stops and question marks.
	 Discuss Exercises A and B; then, the students can do them in the class. Help them by writing the answers on the board, if required.
Spell Well	* Recognising the words learnt in the lesson.
	 * Ask the students to do the exercise on their own. * Then do it on the board and let each one check his/her own work.
Word Power	* You can use examples other than the given words.
Listen and Learn	* Let the students listen to the instructions on the Digital Board twice or thrice.
	* Then they will colour the cake and make candles.
Converse and Connect	* Listen to the accent, stress and intonation on the Digital Board so that you can guide the students accordingly.
	* Ask pairs of students to read aloud the conversation.
	* Check if the students understand the conversation well by asking them a few questions; explain where necessary.
	* Correct the students regarding the content and pronunciation.
Speak and Express	* Ask the students one by one, how they celebrate their birthdays.
	* Teach them to put their thoughts into words correctly and politely.
	* Teach them to speak clearly in order to be understood.
	* This will teach them to be observant and to speak out their minds freely.



* *	All the students can learn the poem and recite it aloud. If possible, set it to a simple tune and sing it with them. Correct their pronunciation where necessary.	Let's Sing
*	Let the students listen on the Digital Board so that they are sure of the right way to say the words	Pronunciation Practice
*	Let the students say aloud the words spelt with 'a'	
*	Draw attention to the different ways in which the words are pronounced.	
*	While explaining the correct pronunciation, show how these words spelt with 'a' are pronounced differently.	
*	Similarly, let the students learn to say the words with 'c' – pronounced with an 's' sound and a 'k' sound.	
*	Draw attention to the phonetic symbols, as you teach them the pronunciation.	
*	Let each student make a list.	Write Well
*	Each child should be free to choose his/her list.	
*	Ask the students to bring their dictionaries.	Dictionary Skills
*	Refresh their learning about using the dictionary.	,
*	Discuss the exercise and remind them how to see the words at the top of each page-how they tell you the first and last words on the pages.	
*	Ensure that every student in the class understands the correct way to use the dictionary.	
*	Draw attention to the meanings, the pronunciation (the phonetic symbols) and the explanations about how words are used in different ways.	
*	Do the exercise on the board to see that they have understood how to arrange words in alphabetical order, as in a dictionary.	
*	This project can be done by each student.	Project Work
*	All their work should be displayed in class so that every student is encouraged.	,
*	They can wear their hats for a day in the class!	
*	Read aloud the question and all the given options.	Values and Life Skills
*	Discuss each option and why 1 and 4 are acceptable and others are not.	
*	Clarify that rude behaviour is unacceptable.	
*	Then let the students do the exercise on their own.	

