Animals – Form and Functions

ORAL QUESTIONS

A.	Answer these questions orally.					
1.	Which system forms the supporting framework of the body?					
2.	Do snakes have legs?					
3.	What is the hard skeleton that covers the body called?					
4.	Name two unicellular organisms.					
5.	Name any two organs of human digestive system.					
6.	Is blood a type of tissue?					
7.	How many vertebrae are present in our neck region?					
8.	Is your shoulder joint a freely movable joint?					
9.	Which organ of our body does the skull protect?					
10.	Which part of our body does the vertebral column protect?					
В.	Fill in the blanks.					
1.	and are the two types of skeletons found in animals.					
2.	is the longest and the strongest bone in the body.					
3.	systems. and are the organs of the nervous					
4.	and are unicellular organisms.					
5.	Organs work together to form a					
6.	Human skeleton is formed of bones.					
7.	and are the two long bones of forearm.					
8.	Hip region has vertebrae.					

9. The joints found between the skull bones are _____joints or _____joints.

10. The forelimbs of birds are modified into _____

PUZZLE/QUIZ

C. You have learnt many new terms in this chapter. Find atleast ten such terms from the word maze given below.

Α	Ο	Ο	R	G	Α	N	R	Т	F	K
S	С	A	R	Т	Ι	L	A	G	Е	N
F	R	G	Е	Е	Р	I	D	I	M	M
R	Α	D	О	N	С	G	I	U	U	J
Q	N	Р	В	D	Т	A	U	S	R	L
R	I	В	S	0	Ι	М	S	N	V	В
F	U	Α	С	N	S	Е	В	A	K	I
G	M	Н	Z	0	S	N	J	Ι	В	С
U	L	N	Α	N	U	T	I	L	0	Е
Н	Е	D	Χ	Y	Е	N	М	L	N	Р
V	Е	R	Т	Е	В	R	A	Т	Е	S

- D. Given below are some jumbled words. Arrange them into meaningful words. Take help from the clues given in the brackets.
 - (a) M I A N U R C

(It is the brain case. It encloses and protects the brain.)

(b) N B B C O K A E

(This extends from the base of the skull to the hips. It is also called the spine.)

(c) G E C B A I R

(It is the cone-shaped bony cage found in the chest region.)

(d) U M S E U H R

(The long bone present in the upper arm.)

(e) R U G M E

(This is the longest and the strongest bone in the body.)

(f) E T L A L P A

(This is the plate-like cap in the frontal part of knee.)

g)	U L	U	C	\mathbf{M}	Е	О	R	P
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		(I his covers the opening on th	e lower	siae	of a snail.)	
		<u>c</u>	LASS	TES	<u>T</u>	
E.	MC	Q –Tick (\checkmark) the correct option	n.			
1.	Hov	w many pairs of legs does a cock	roach h	nave?		
	(a)	One		(b)	Two	
	(c)	Three		(d)	Four	
2.	Wh	ich body part of a fish helps in cl	hanging	g the	direction of movement while swimms	ing?
	(a)	Tail		(b)	Fins	
	(c)	Gills		(d)	Eyes	
3.	The	joint between the thigh bone as	nd the	hip b	oone is a	
	(a)	Pivot joint		(b)	Hinge joint	
	(c)	Gliding joint		(d)	Ball and socket joint	
4.	Bon	es and cartilage form the				
	(a)	Reproductive system				
	(b)	skeletal system				
	(c)	Nervous system				
	(d)	Circulatory system				
5.	Wh	ich of these functions is not per	formed	by t	he nervous system?	
	(a)	Receives stimuli collected by di	ifferent	sens	e organs	
	(b)	Transmits messages to differen	t body	parts		
	(c)	Coordinates function of different	ent orga	an sy	stems	
	(d)	Removes excess of water and us	rea fror	n the	e body in the form of urine	
6.	Wh	ich of these are freely movable je	oints?			
	(a)	Hinge joint		(b)	Gliding joint	

(d) All the above.

(c) Pivot joint

7.	Wh	nich of the following statements is incorrect?	
	(a)	When you raise your arm, the biceps contract	
	(b)	Bones and muscles work together	
	(c)	The body of a snail is enclosed in a calcareous shell	
	(d)	Birds have weak shoulder bones	
8.	The	e upper arm has one long bone attached to the shoulder blade called	
	(a)	Femur (b) Ulna	
	(c)	Radius (d) Humerus	
9.	The	e bristle like projections which provide grip to earthworm on the surface are	
	(a)	Setae (b) Antennae	
	(c)	Fins (d) Operculum	
10.	Wh	nich of the following statements is incorrect?	
	(a)	The adult human skeletal system is made up of 206 bones	
	(b)	The rib cage protects heart and lungs	
	(c)	Our lower jaw is immovable	
	(d)	Heart and blood vessels form the circulatory system	
F.	Ver	y short answer questions.	
1.	Nan	ne the three types of bones which form the skeleton.	
2.	Wh	nich tissue is responsible for the movement of body parts?	
3.	The	e skull consists of two main parts. Name them.	
4.	Wh	nat do forelimbs consist of?	
5.	Hov	w are the joints classified on the basis of degree of movement?	

6.	Nar	ne the joints found in the following:		
	(a)	Joint between head of upper arm base a	nd shoulder	
	(b)	Thumb joint		
	(c)	Joint between wrist bones		
	(d)	Joint between skull and first vertebra of	backbone	
	(e)	Elbow joint between upper arm and fo	rearm	
	(f)	Joint between thigh bone and lower leg		
	(g)	Knee joint		
	(h)	Joint betwen bones of ankles		
G.	Sho	ort answer questions.		
1.	Dif	ferentiate between the following.		
	(a)	Ligaments and Tendons		
		LIGAMENTS	TENDONS	
	(1)	D 11		
	(b)	Exoskeleton and Endoskeleton		
		EXOSKELETON	ENDOSKELETO	ON
2	X X 71	. 1 1 . 11	NE 1: 11 1	
۷.	vvn	at do you understand by an organ systen	ir Explain with an example.	

		e atleast three examples of animals with an exoskeleton.									
٠.		te short notes on the following. Ribs									
	(a)										
	(b)	Cranium									
	(c)	Facial bones									
•	Wh	y do animals move from place to place?									
•	Wh	at are the functions of tail found in fish?									
·	Wh	at is the function of fin found in fish?									
	Long answer questions. What are the main functions of the skeletal system?										

•	Explain the working of biceps and triceps.
•	All animals do not have bones. Do you agree with the statement? Justify your answer with examples.
•	Explain how locomotion takes place in a snake.
•	Which special body features help the birds to fly?
•	Which special body features help fish to swim?

7.	Draw a flowchart showing various parts of human skeleton.
	HOME ASSIGNMENT
I.	Think and Answer.
1.	Can you identify the bones shown in the pictures? Classify them as long bones, short bones and flat bones.

2.	Look at the picture given below. Name the animal whose endoskeleton is shown here. What does it consist of?										
	WORKSHEET										
J.											
1.	Cartilage is found mainly at the joints.										
2.	An infant at birth has 300 bones whereas only 206 bones are found in an adult.										
3.	A cockroach can fly as well as run.										

4.	The body of a fish is boat shaped.
5.	The bones of birds are hollow and strong.
6.	The cavity of a synovial joint is filled with a fluid.