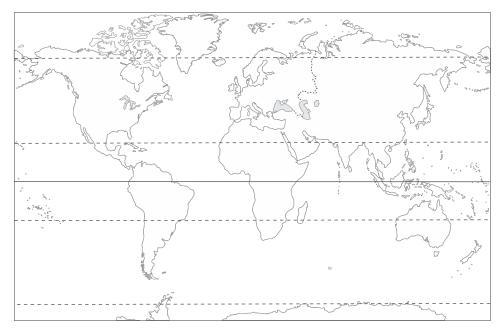
3. Our Changing Earth – 1

Worksheet 1

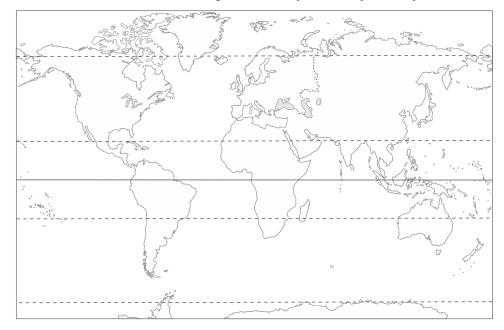
A	Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences:
	1. Movement of the or plates are responsible for the creation of various landforms.
	2. The forces which originate from the Earth's interior are known as forces and the forces which originate from the Earth's surface are known as forces.
	3. The funnel-shaped depression at the mouth of a volcano is called a
	4. The place vertically above the focus of the earthquake is called the
	5 are the last earthquake waves to arrive and cause the damage.
	6. The instrument for measuring the magnitude of earthquakes is called a
	7. A measures the power of an earthquake on a scale of to
	8. The Japanese measure to predict earthquakes.
B	Give the following words:
	1. Plates that form the Earth's crust:
	2. Activity of the plates of the crust:
	3. Three kinds of volcanoes:
	4. Magma when it comes out on the surface:
	5. The scale to measure the power of an earthquake:
	6. The place where an earthquake starts:
	7. Shake waves: or
	8. Most tectonic activity occurs on the of the plates
	Answers to Worksheet I
А	1. lithographic; tectonic 2. endogenic; exogenic 3. crater 4. epicentre
,	5. L-waves; maximum 6. seismograph 7. richter Scale; 1; 9 8. sea level
В.	1. Lithospheric plates 2. Tectonic activity 3. Active, dormant, extinct 4. Lava
	5 Richter Scale 6 Focus 7 S-waves: secondary waves 8 margins

Worksheet 2

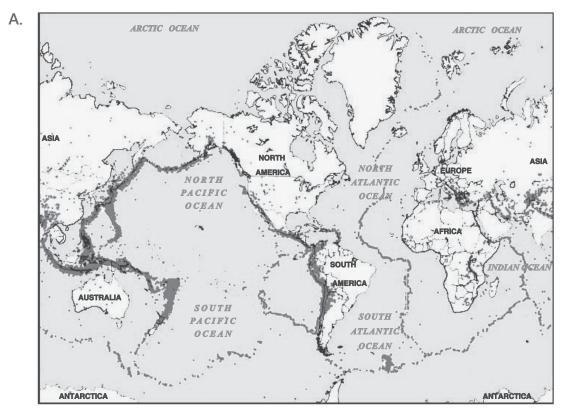
A On a map of the world, mark the distribution of earthquake regions and name the following places: Rockies, Andes, Japan, Philippines, Indonesia, Himalayas, Alps.



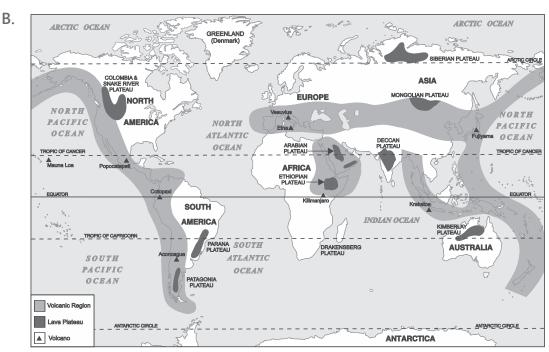
B On a map of the world, mark the distribution of volcanoes and name the following: Deccan Plateau; Mongolian Plateau; Tibetan Plateau; Fujiyama, Krakatoa, Etna, Vesuvius, Kilimanjaro, Cotopaxi; Popocatapetl; Aconcagua.



Answers to Worksheet 2



World-Distribution of Earthquakes



World-Distribution of Volcanoes