

# 1. When, Where and How

## Worksheet 1

**A** Fill in the blanks with suitable options:

- Everyone communicates through different \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) songs (b) dances (c) languages
- UNESCO emphasised that cultural diversity and \_\_\_\_\_ guarantees development and peace.  
(a) international cooperation (b) intercultural dialogue (c) world conferences
- Under the States Reorganisation Act Kerala was created on \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) 1 November 1956 (b) 21 October 1955 (c) 29 February 1957
- Tamil Nadu celebrates \_\_\_\_\_ as a harvest festival.  
(a) Onam (b) Pongal (c) Bihu
- \_\_\_\_\_ has helped to spread ideas and information.  
(a) Industrialisation (b) Globalisation (c) Indigenisation

**B** Name the following:

- The religion of the Parsis: \_\_\_\_\_
- The Portuguese sailor who came to Kerala: \_\_\_\_\_
- Two classical dances of Kerala: \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_
- Book written by Jawaharlal Nehru: \_\_\_\_\_
- Harvest Festival in Punjab: \_\_\_\_\_

### ANSWERS TO WORKSHEET 1



- A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (b)  
B. 1. Zoroastrianism 2. Vasco-da-Gama 3. Kathakali; Mohiniattam  
4. Discovery of India 5. Baisakhi

# Worksheet 2

- (A) On a map of India, mark the states of Kerala, Punjab and Uttar Pradesh and write their capital cities.
- (B) Find out and write at least one of the classical dances of the following states:
1. Tamil Nadu: \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Karnataka: \_\_\_\_\_
  3. Andhra Pradesh/Telangana: \_\_\_\_\_
  4. Manipur: \_\_\_\_\_
  5. Odisha: \_\_\_\_\_
  6. UP/Delhi/Northern India: \_\_\_\_\_

## ANSWERS TO WORKSHEET 2



A.



Students refer to Srijan Social Sciences 6.

- B. 1. Bharatnatyam 2. Yakshagana 3. Kuchipudi 4. Manipuri 5. Odissi 6. Kathak