

# **LESSON PLAN**

#### SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The students will learn

- about air
- about the uses of air
- that air has weight
- that air takes space

## TEACHING AIDS

Charts, posters, blackboard, chalk, duster, pointer, projector, etc.

### TEACHING STRATEGY

- The teacher will start with Warm Up.
- Then, the teacher will tell about air, i.e., what air is.
- The teacher will tell about wind, breeze and storm.
- The teacher will tell about the uses of air.
- The teacher will tell that air has weight. He/She will give a practical example.
- The teacher, then, will tell that air takes up space. He/She will give some practical examples.

### BOOST UP

- To make the lesson interesting, the teacher may use interactive ways—he/she may hold an open book standing before/under a fan to show that air blows.
- The teacher may use projector or simple windvane or any other instrument like that to show that air helps a thing move.
- The teacher will ask the students to solve the exercises.

### EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

The students are able to

- learn about the uses of air
- know that air has weight
- know that air takes up space

12 Living Planet 1

# **EVALUATIVE QUESTIONS**

The teacher may ask the following questions to evaluate the students.

- 1. What are the uses of air?
- 2. What is wind?
- **6.** Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the box to show comparison and difference between air and water.

Elements	Takes	Has	Takes	Blows	Flows	Helps	Helps	Animals	Helps	Helps	Puts
	space	weight	space			kites	ships	drink	animals	burn	out
						fly	sail		breathe	fire	fire
Water											
Air											