3. Major Landforms



(A) Answer the following questions briefly.

1. How is a plateau different from a mountain?

2. Write two advantages of a river valley.

3. If you want to go river rafting, will you go to a plain or a mountain?

(B) Fill the following blanks and complete the sentences.

- 1. Mountains should be about ______ higher than the surrounding areas.
- 2. The Himalayas are _____ mountains and the Aravallis are _____ mountains.
- 3. In most cases, the sides of plateaus are deeply cut by _____ and _____.
- 4. Most plain areas with ______ conditions are thickly populated.

5. The river gets divided into smaller parts called ______.

(C) Select the right answer from the options given.

- A very deep valley with or without a river, with steep walls is called a

 (a) depression
 (b) canyon
 (c) pass
- 2. A low-lying flat land with a very gentle slope is called a/an(a) plateau(b) lowland(c) island
- 3. An island is surrounded by water on
(a) three sides(b) two sides(c) all sides
- 4. One of the following is a cluster of islands in India. Which is it?(a) Andamans(b) Puducherry(c) Chandigarh

Answers to Worksheet I

- A. 1. A plateau rises suddenly from the surrounding area and has a flat top, whereas a mountain may rise suddenly or gradually into conical peaks at great height.
 - 2. A river valley can provide fertile land for growing crops and help in making hydroelectricity.
 - 3. If I want to go river rafting, I will go to a mountain.
- B. 1. 900 metres 2. young; old 3. streams; rivers 4. suitable climatic 5. distributaries
- C. 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a

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(A) See the two pictures below and name the landforms.



(B) This monument is on the banks of a river. Name the river.



C Project: In a tray make any landform or landforms using any material you like.

Answers to Worksheet 2

- A. 1. Mountains 2. River Valley
- B. River Yamuna
- C. Any reasonable work is appropriate.