

17. India Wins Freedom

Worksheet 1

A Say if the following are True or False.

1. The British planned to partition India in 1915. _____
2. The Quit India Movement was started by Subhash Chandra Bose. _____
3. The Indian National Army fought against the British. _____
4. The Swadeshi Movement encouraged the use of khadi. _____
5. Satyagraha was a non-violent method of protest. _____

B Select the right option to complete the sentences below.

1. The Non-Cooperation Movement was _____ after the police station was burned at Chaura Chauri. (encouraged/withdrawn)
2. The Radicals wished to oppose the British through _____. (strikes and boycotts/reforms and discussions)
3. The Indian National Congress resolved to achieve _____ for India. (Swadeshi/Purna Swaraj)
4. The young people who wished to drive the British out by using force were called _____. (Nationalists/Revolutionaries)
5. Subhash Chandra Bose escaped from jail and reached Japan via Afghanistan and _____. (Germany/Russia)

C Answer the following questions in very few words.

1. Why did the British wish to partition Bengal? _____
2. What was the main purpose of Swadeshi movement? _____
3. Who ordered the massacre at Jalianwala Bagh? _____
4. What were the main principles of Satyagraha? _____
5. During which World War was the Quit India Movement started? _____

Answers to Worksheet 1

- A. 1. False 2. False 3. True 4. True 5. True
- B. 1. withdrawn 2. strikes and boycotts 3. Purna Swaraj 4. Revolutionaries
5. Germany
- C. 1. To disunite Indians 2. Boycott of British goods 3. General Dyer
4. Truth and non-violence 5. World War II

Worksheet 2

(A) Name the following and state whether they were moderates or radicals.



1. _____



2. _____

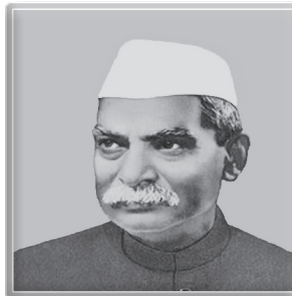


3. _____

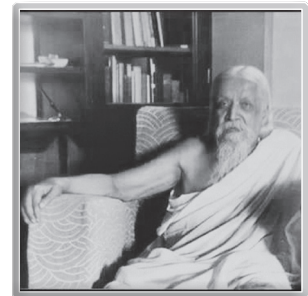
(B) Name the people below.



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____



5. _____

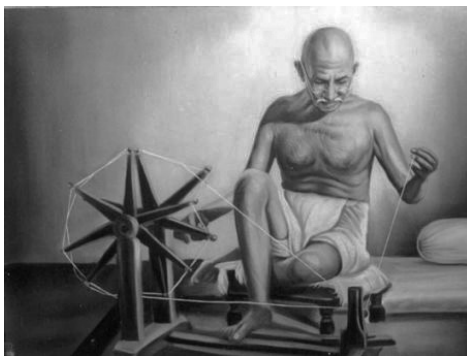
© What movements/events/objects do the pictures below tell you?



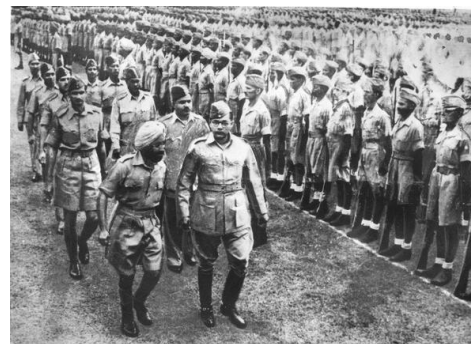
1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____

Answers to Worksheet 2

- A. 1. Bal Gangadhar Tilak 2. Lala Lajpat Rai 3. Bipin Chandra Pal. They were radicals.
- B. 1. Sarojini Naidu 2. Rajendra Prasad 3. Aurobindo Ghosh 4. Bhagat Singh
5. Maulana Azad
- C. 1. The Dandi March or the Salt Satyagraha 2. The Swadeshi Movement 3. Gandhiji using a charkha or making khadi 4. Subhash Chandra Bose addressing the INA or the Indian National Army