Chapter 2: The Flower

Worksheet 1

1. Fill in the blanks.
(i) Seed germination is the activation of inactive
(ii) The seeds of winter plants grow between temperature
(iii) The seeds of cotton are dispersed by
(iv) are the seed leaves.

2. Write T for true and F for false statement.

- (i) Seed is a fertilised ovule.
- (ii) Endocarp is the fleshy part of a fruit.
- (iii) Germinating seeds respire.
- (iv) Gynoecium is formed of pistil, carpel and ovary.

3. Match the following.

Column A	Column B	
(i) Embryo	(a) Dry fruit	
(ii) Maize	(b) Insect pollination	
(iii) Lotus	(c) Baby plant	
(iv) Pollen grains	(d) Food store	
(v) Endosperm	(e) Baby root	
(vi) Radicle	(f) Male gametes	

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Worksheet 2

1. Define the following	•		
(i) Fertilisation			
(ii) Pollination			
(iii) Plumule			
(iv) Complete flower			
2. Give one word for th	e following		
(i) The seeds which h	ave one cotyledon		
(ii) The type of germin	nation in which cotyle	edons remain underg	round
(iii) The flower which l	has one of the whorls	missing	
(iv) The unit of androe	cium		
3. Tick the correct answ	er.		
(i) Epigeal germination	on is found in		
(a) Maize	(b) Gram	(c) Pea	(d) Bean
(ii) The optimum tem	perature range for gra	ains of rice to grow is	
(a) $10^{\circ}\text{C} - 20^{\circ}\text{C}$	(b) $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	(c) $25^{\circ}\text{C} - 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	(d) 35°C – 40°C
(iii) The accessary who	orls of flowers are		
(a) Calyx and corolla		(b) Calyx and androecium	
(c) Calyx and gyn	oecium	(d) Androecium and gynoecium	
(iv) Flower is a modifie	ed		

(c) Node

(d) Internode

(b) Shoot

(a) Root